



BUTTERMILK METROPOLITAN DISTRICT
FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND REPORT OF
INDEPENDENT CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

December 31, 2019

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REPORT OF INDEPENDENT CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

May 29, 2020

To the Board of Directors
Buttermilk Metropolitan District

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, and each major fund of Buttermilk Metropolitan District (the District) as of and for the year ended December 31, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, and each major fund of Buttermilk Metropolitan District as of December 31, 2019, and the respective changes in its financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof and the respective budgetary comparison for the General Fund for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.



Board of Directors
Buttermilk Metropolitan District
Page Two

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis on pages 3 through 9 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary and Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements. The proprietary fund budgetary comparison schedule and property tax schedule are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The proprietary fund budgetary comparison schedule is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the proprietary fund budgetary comparison schedule is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The property tax schedule has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements, and accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on it.

Chadwick, Steinkirchner, Davis & Co., P.C.

BUTTERMILK METROPOLITAN DISTRICT
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS
For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

The Buttermilk Metropolitan District (the "District") was approved by voters on November 7, 2000, and formally organized by judicial decree on August 23, 2001 for the purpose of providing certain public infrastructure and municipal services for the benefit of the residents and property owners within the District. The District is located within Pitkin County, Colorado. The District serves the West Buttermilk Subdivision and Pfister tracts, which are both adjacent to the Buttermilk Ski Area, as well as the East Owl Creek Ranch and Owl Creek Ranch subdivisions. These areas include a mix of existing homes and vacant lots.

The management's discussion and analysis of the Buttermilk Metropolitan District's financial performance provides an overview of the District's financial activities for the year ending December 31, 2019. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the District's financial performance as a whole; it should be read in conjunction with the basic financial statements and the auditor's notes to enhance the reader's understanding of the District's overall financial performance.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

Key financial highlights for the fiscal year 2019 are as follows:

- In total, the District's overall net position increased by \$265,255, or 9.4% higher than the prior fiscal year. The Statement of Net Position can be found on page 10 of this report, and the Change in Net Position from 2018 to 2019 can be seen in the Statement of Activities on page 11.
- Total revenues increased by \$30,884 or 3.5%, from the prior fiscal year. This is primarily due to a minimal increase in property tax revenue from increased property values while maintaining the water and road mill levies flat. The summarized Statement of Activities can be found on page 11 of the financial statements.
- Overall expenses in 2019 decreased by \$69,592 or 9.7%, compared to 2018. This is primarily due to the net effect of an increase in snow/run-off in the 18/19 snow season, therefore a decrease in water augmentation expense, and an increase in general repairs and maintenance expense.

USING THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This annual report consists of three parts – *management's discussion and analysis* (this section), the *basic financial statements*, and *supplementary information*. The basic financial statements include two kinds of statements that present different views of the District.

- The first two statements are *government-wide financial statements* that provide both long-term and short-term information about the District's *overall* financial status.
- The remaining statements are *fund financial statements* that focus on *individual parts* of the District government, reporting the District's operations *in more detail* than the government-wide statements.

The financial statements also include *notes* (beginning on page 19) that explain some of the information in the financial statements and provide more detailed data. The statements are followed by *supplementary information* (page 31) that further explains and supports the information in the financial statements. Additional other information (page 32) has also been included to enhance the reader's understanding of the financial statements.

BUTTERMILK METROPOLITAN DISTRICT
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS
For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

Government-wide Statements

The government-wide statements consist of the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities. These statements report information about the District as a whole and include *all* assets, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources using the accrual basis of accounting, which is similar to the accounting used by most private-sector companies. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are considered regardless of when cash is received or paid.

These two statements report the District's *net position* and changes in them. The District's net position – the difference between assets and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources – are one way to measure the District's financial health, or *financial position*. Over time, increases or decreases in the District's net position are one indicator of whether its financial health is improving or deteriorating. Other non-financial factors, however, such as changes in the District's property tax base and the condition of the infrastructure, are needed to assess the overall health of the District.

In the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, the District is divided into two kinds of activities:

- *Governmental activities* – The activity of the District's Road Fund is reported here, including interest and principal paid on outstanding bonds. Property taxes, specific ownership taxes, and interest income finance most of these activities.
- *Business-type activities* – The activity of the District's Water Enterprise is reported here, including interest and principal paid on outstanding bonds. Property taxes, specific ownership taxes, water usage charges, and interest income finance most of these activities.

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide more detailed information about the District's *funds*, focusing on its most significant funds – not the District as a whole. The District's funds – governmental and proprietary – use different accounting approaches.

Governmental fund – The General (Road) Fund's activity is reported as a governmental fund, which focuses on how money flows into and out of this fund, and the balances left at year-end that are available for spending. This fund is reported using an accounting method called *modified accrual* accounting, which measures cash and all other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash. The governmental fund statement provides a detailed *short-term view* of the District's general government operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the District's programs. A description of the relationship (or differences) between governmental *activities* (reported in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) and governmental *funds* is provided in a reconciliation at the bottom of the fund financial statements (see pages 12 and 14).

Proprietary funds – When the Enterprise (Water) Fund charges users for the services it provides, these services are reported in the proprietary fund. Proprietary funds are reported in the same way that all activities are reported in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities. In fact, the District's enterprise fund is the same as the business-type activities reported in the government-wide statements, but provide more detail and additional information, such as cash flows, for proprietary funds.

BUTTERMILK METROPOLITAN DISTRICT
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS
For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

THE DISTRICT AS A WHOLE

Statement of Net Position

The perspective of the Statement of Net Position is of the District as a whole. Both the governmental activities (Road Fund) and the business-type activities (Water Fund) are presented, along with a total of the two, which represents the total primary government. Following is a summary of the District's net position for the fiscal year 2019 compared to 2018.

<i>IN THOUSANDS</i>	GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES		BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES		TOTAL PRIMARY GOVERNMENT	
	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>
ASSETS:						
Current & Other Assets	\$ 360	\$ 307	\$ 992	\$ 951	\$ 1,352	\$ 1,258
Capital Assets, Net	623	657	2,589	2,677	3,212	3,334
Total Assets	<u>983</u>	<u>964</u>	<u>3,581</u>	<u>3,628</u>	<u>4,564</u>	<u>4,592</u>
LIABILITIES:						
Current & Other Liabilities	29	22	15	25	44	47
Long-term Debt - Current	69	68	261	257	330	325
Long-term Debt - Non-current	77	149	288	558	365	707
Total Liabilities	<u>175</u>	<u>239</u>	<u>564</u>	<u>840</u>	<u>739</u>	<u>1,079</u>
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES:						
Property Taxes	281	253	444	424	725	677
NET POSITION:						
Net Investment in Capital Assets	477	439	2,040	1,863	2,517	2,302
Restricted for Emergencies	6	4	5	5	11	9
Unrestricted	45	29	528	496	573	525
Total Net Position	<u>\$ 528</u>	<u>\$ 472</u>	<u>\$ 2,573</u>	<u>\$ 2,364</u>	<u>\$ 3,101</u>	<u>\$ 2,836</u>

Total Assets decreased by \$28,030 from 2018 to 2019 or .6%, primarily due to decreases in accounts receivable, and capital assets, net of depreciation and amortization.

Total Liabilities decreased by \$341,061 from 2018 to 2019, primarily due to decreases in bond debt.

Deferred Inflows of Resources increased by \$47,776 from 2018 to 2019 (property taxes assessed, which are expected to be received in 2020).

**BUTTERMILK METROPOLITAN DISTRICT
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS
For the Year Ended December 31, 2019**

Total Net Position for the District reflects an overall increase of approximately \$265,255 or 9.4% from 2018 to 2019. This is due to a \$56,001 increase in net position in Governmental Activities (Road Fund) and \$209,254 increase in net position in the Business-type Activities (Water Fund). The amount reported as *Net Investment in Capital Assets* is computed by adding Capital Asset costs (net of depreciation and amortization) and subtracting the outstanding bonds that were used to purchase the capital improvements.

Statement of Activities

The perspective of the Statement of Activities is of the District as a whole. The Statement of Activities reflects general property taxes and service revenues, and the cost of providing services to the District. The following summary reflects the overall change in net position for the fiscal year 2019 compared to 2018:

<i>INTHOUSANDS</i>	GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES		BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES		TOTAL PRIMARY GOVERNMENT	
	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>
REVENUES:						
Charges for Services	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 193	\$ 239	\$ 193	\$ 239
Property & Ownership Taxes	262	189	437	434	699	623
Interest Earnings & Other	8	7	16	15	24	22
Total Revenues	<u>270</u>	<u>196</u>	<u>646</u>	<u>688</u>	<u>916</u>	<u>884</u>
EXPENSES:						
General government	209	136	-	-	209	136
Interest & Fiscal Charges	5	7	-	-	5	7
Water	-	-	437	577	437	577
Total Expenses	<u>214</u>	<u>143</u>	<u>437</u>	<u>577</u>	<u>651</u>	<u>720</u>
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	<u>\$ 56</u>	<u>\$ 53</u>	<u>\$ 209</u>	<u>\$ 111</u>	<u>\$ 265</u>	<u>\$ 164</u>

Overall revenues increased by approximately \$30,884 or 3.5%, from 2018 to 2019. This is primarily due to increases in property taxes collected in the general fund over prior year. The increase in property tax collected is due to an increase in assessed values over prior year.

Overall expenses in 2019 decreased by approximately \$69,592 or 9.7% compared to 2018. This is primarily due to the net effect of a decrease in water augmentation expense in the business-type activities (Water Fund) due to increased snow run off in 18/19 snow season, and an increase in repairs and maintenance in the general fund (Road Fund) compared to 2018.

Governmental Activities

The operation of the Road Fund is defined as the governmental activity of the District. The focus of the District's governmental fund is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the District's financing requirements.

BUTTERMILK METROPOLITAN DISTRICT
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS
For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

The dependence on taxes and other general revenues to fund current program costs is apparent from the foregoing table. The residential community, as a whole, is the primary support for the District's governmental activities.

Business-Type Activities

The operations of the Water Fund are defined as the business-type activity of the District. Operations are supported by property taxes, water fees for usage, and other general revenues.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE DISTRICT'S FUNDS

As mentioned earlier, the District uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental (Road) Fund *(see pages 6, 13, & 15 of this report for the following analysis)*

Gross General Fund (Road Fund) revenues were \$269,863 in 2019, which reflects \$261,666 from property taxes and specific ownership taxes net of property tax abatements.

For the following comparison between 2018 and 2019, see specifically pages 13 of this report. General Fund (Road Fund) expenditures of \$251,136 in 2019 reflect a decrease of \$31,101 over the 2018 total expenditures of \$282,237. As of the end of 2019, the District's governmental fund reported an ending fund balance of \$51,562, reflecting an increase of \$18,727 or 57.0%, over the 2018 fund balance. This increase in the fund balance is a result from realizing more revenues than expenditures in 2019. The ending fund balance of \$51,562, (shown on page 13) is the amount of net resources available for future spending in the Road (Governmental) Fund.

Proprietary (Water) Fund *(see pages 6, 16, 17, 18, & 31 of this report for the following analysis)*

The ending net position of the Proprietary (Water) Fund increased to \$2,573,333 from \$2,364,079 (for a total increase of \$209,254) during the fiscal year ending December 31, 2019, primarily due to total liabilities decreasing more than total assets. Total liabilities decreased \$276,195 versus total assets decrease of \$46,782, a difference of \$229,413, less the increase in deferred inflows of \$20,159 accounts for the net increase in Net Position of \$209,254.

For the following comparison between 2018 and 2019, see specifically pages 6 and 17 of this report. In the Proprietary Fund, total operating revenues from water usage charges were \$191,736, a decrease of \$45,992 compared to 2018. This is due to increased run off from snowfall in 18/19 snow season. Non-operating revenues, consisting of property and specific ownership taxes, and interest income increased by \$2,647 from \$449,618 in 2018 to \$452,265 in 2019.

The Proprietary Fund's operating expenses (excluding depreciation, amortization, bad debt, and capital outlay) totaled \$289,532 in 2019, reflecting decrease of \$34,796 or 10.7% over 2018, primarily due to decreases in the costs associated with purchased water. Other operating expenses decreased, consisting of capital outlay, which decreased by \$100,487. The Proprietary Fund Statement of Cash Flows (page 18) indicates an ending cash balance of \$536,396 is available for future spending in the Proprietary (Water) Fund.

BUTTERMILK METROPOLITAN DISTRICT
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS
For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

BUDGET VARIANCES

Governmental (Road) Fund

Total revenues in the Road Fund are over budget by \$2,366 primarily due to more than anticipated specific ownership tax and interest income. Total expenditures in 2019 were \$251,136 and under budget by 6.1% or \$16,361, with budget savings realized in all expense categories with the exception of repairs and maintenance. A budget-to-actual statement for the General Fund can be found on page 15 of this report.

Proprietary (Water) Fund

Water service charges (revenues) totaled \$191,736 or 19.0% less than budgeted, due to a reduction in water usage coming out of the 2018 drought and getting more than average snowfall. In addition to water service charges, miscellaneous income brought in \$1,612. Non-operating revenues (consisting of property taxes, specific ownership taxes, and interest income) exceeded budget by \$1,577 primarily due to an excess of interest income and specific ownership taxes. Overall, Proprietary Fund revenues – operating plus non-operating – came in under budget expectations by \$42,113 or 6.1%. Operating and non-operating expenses, as a whole, came in under budget by \$150,007 or 19.6%. Budget variances occurred in accounting and auditing for \$333. Budget savings were realized in the areas of operations and maintenance, management fees, legal, insurance, engineering, miscellaneous, contingency and all non-operating expenses. A summary of budget to actual expenses for the Proprietary Fund can be found on page 31 of this report.

CAPITAL ASSETS

The District's net capital assets decreased by \$88,713 in business-type activities (water system) and decreased by \$33,931 in governmental activities (road system). The decrease in the business-type activities (water system) and the decrease in governmental activities (road system) were due to more current-year depreciation than capital additions for 2019. Additional information as well as detailed classification of the District's net capital assets can be found in the Notes to the Financial Statements on page 27 of this report.

DEBT ADMINISTRATION

As of December 31, 2019, the District has \$694,821 in General Obligation Bonds, of which \$146,278 is carried in governmental activities (Road Fund) and \$548,543 is carried in the business-type activities (Water Fund) of the District. The original bonds were issued in 2002 to finance the construction of a potable water system and accompanying road improvements; and were refinanced in 2011. Debt service payments, due June 1st and December 1st, are allocated in the same proportions as the bond principal. The final maturity date is December 1, 2021. For a detailed discussion on the bond refinancing, see Note D, beginning on page 28 of this report.

BUTTERMILK METROPOLITAN DISTRICT
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS
For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

REQUEST FOR INFORMATION

This financial report is designed to provide our residents, customers, taxpayers, investors, and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to show the District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have any questions regarding this report or need additional financial information, please contact the:

Buttermilk Metropolitan District Manager
c/o The Romero Group, LLC
350 Market Street, Suite 304, PO Box 4100
Basalt, CO 81621-4100
Telephone: (970) 273-3100
Fax: (970) 797-1851

Buttermilk Metropolitan District
STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

December 31, 2019

	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total
ASSETS			
Equity in pooled cash and investments	\$ 75,848	\$ 536,396	\$ 612,244
Receivables			
Accounts receivable	669	5,876	6,545
Property taxes	280,721	443,885	724,606
Prepaid expenses	2,800	6,533	9,333
Capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation)			
Capital assets	622,820	2,588,773	3,211,593
Other assets (net of accumulated amortization)			
Organization costs	-	-	-
Total Assets	<u>982,858</u>	<u>3,581,463</u>	<u>4,564,321</u>
LIABILITIES			
Accounts payable	27,755	13,938	41,693
Accrued interest payable	469	1,764	2,233
Non-current liabilities, due within one year			
Bonds payable	69,474	260,526	330,000
Non-current liabilities, due after one year			
Bonds payable and bond premium	76,804	288,017	364,821
Total Liabilities	<u>174,502</u>	<u>564,245</u>	<u>738,747</u>
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Property taxes	280,721	443,885	724,606
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	<u>280,721</u>	<u>443,885</u>	<u>724,606</u>
NET POSITION			
Net investment in capital assets	476,542	2,040,230	2,516,772
Restricted for emergencies	5,818	5,072	10,890
Unrestricted	45,275	528,031	573,306
Total Net Position	<u>\$ 527,635</u>	<u>\$ 2,573,333</u>	<u>\$ 3,100,968</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

Buttermilk Metropolitan District

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

Year ended December 31, 2019

Function/Programs	Expenses	Program Revenues			Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position		
		Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions	Capital Grants and Contributions	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total
Governmental activities:							
General government	\$ 208,970	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ (208,970)	\$ -	\$ (208,970)
Interest on long-term debt	4,892	-	-	-	(4,892)	-	(4,892)
Total governmental activities	<u>213,862</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>(213,862)</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>(213,862)</u>
Business-type activities:							
Water	436,359	193,348	-	-		(243,011)	(243,011)
Total business-type activities	<u>436,359</u>	<u>193,348</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>		<u>(243,011)</u>	<u>(243,011)</u>
Total	<u>\$ 650,221</u>	<u>\$ 193,348</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	(213,862)	(243,011)	(456,873)
General revenues:							
					261,666	436,533	698,199
					2,066	15,732	17,798
					6,131	-	6,131
					<u>269,863</u>	<u>452,265</u>	<u>722,128</u>
					56,001	209,254	265,255
					471,634	2,364,079	2,835,713
					<u>\$ 527,635</u>	<u>\$ 2,573,333</u>	<u>\$ 3,100,968</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

Buttermilk Metropolitan District

BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

December 31, 2019

	General	Total Governmental Funds
ASSETS		
Equity in pooled cash and investments	\$ 75,848	\$ 75,848
Receivables		
Accounts receivable	669	669
Property taxes	280,721	280,721
Prepaid expenses	2,800	2,800
Total Assets	<u>360,038</u>	<u>360,038</u>
LIABILITIES		
Accounts payable	27,755	27,755
Total Liabilities	<u>27,755</u>	<u>27,755</u>
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
Property taxes	280,721	280,721
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	<u>280,721</u>	<u>280,721</u>
FUND EQUITY		
Nonspendable	2,800	2,800
Restricted for emergencies	5,818	5,818
Unassigned	42,944	42,944
Total Fund Equity	<u>\$ 51,562</u>	<u>\$ 51,562</u>
Fund equity (as reported above)		\$ 51,562
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because:		
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, are not financial resources, and therefore, are not reported in the fund.		622,820
Long-term debt is not due and payable in the current period, and therefore, is not reported in the fund.		(146,278)
Accrued interest is not due and payable in the current period, and therefore, is not reported in the fund.		<u>(469)</u>
Net position of governmental activities		<u>\$ 527,635</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

Buttermilk Metropolitan District

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES
IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Year ended December 31, 2019

	General	Total Governmental Funds
Revenues		
Taxes	\$ 261,666	\$ 261,666
Interest	2,066	2,066
Miscellaneous	6,131	6,131
Total revenues	<u>269,863</u>	<u>269,863</u>
Expenditures		
General government	150,410	150,410
Debt service		
Principal	68,250	68,250
Interest	7,676	7,676
Capital outlay	24,800	24,800
Total expenditures	<u>251,136</u>	<u>251,136</u>
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	18,727	18,727
Fund Balance - beginning	32,835	32,835
Fund Balance - ending	<u>\$ 51,562</u>	<u>\$ 51,562</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

Buttermilk Metropolitan District

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES
IN FUND BALANCE - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

Year ended December 31, 2019

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different
because:

Net Change in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds	\$ 18,727
Governmental funds do not report capital outlays as expenditures; however, in the Statement of Activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation. This is the amount by which current year capitalized capital outlay was less than current year depreciation. (0-\$33,931)	(33,931)
Governmental funds report bond premium proceeds as an increase in fund balance. In the Statement of Net Position, the premium increases long-term debt and its amortization reduces interest expense in the Statement of Activities over the life of the bonds issued.	2,613
Change in accrued interest on long-term debt is not recorded in the funds.	171
Governmental funds report principal payments on long-term debt as reductions in fund balance. These payments reduce long-term debt in the Statement of Net Position.	<u>68,421</u>
Change in net position of governmental activities	<u>\$ 56,001</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

Buttermilk Metropolitan District

STATEMENT OF REVENUE, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND
BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - GENERAL FUND

Year ended December 31, 2019

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)
Revenues				
Property taxes	\$ 253,104	\$ 253,104	\$ 252,781	\$ (323)
Specific ownership taxes	7,593	7,593	8,885	1,292
Interest earnings	1,800	1,800	2,066	266
Miscellaneous income	5,000	5,000	6,131	1,131
Total revenues	267,497	267,497	269,863	2,366
Expenditures				
Management fees and office	12,270	12,500	11,007	1,493
Accounting and auditing	7,800	8,100	7,943	157
Engineering	3,000	1,500	1,088	412
Insurance	2,995	3,000	2,956	44
Legal	1,950	1,000	206	794
Repairs and maintenance	70,328	110,000	114,505	(4,505)
Treasurer fees	12,715	12,715	12,645	70
Miscellaneous	817	1,000	60	940
Interest expense	7,676	7,676	7,676	-
Debt service principal	68,250	68,250	68,250	-
Contingency	8,200	15,756	-	15,756
Capital outlay	8,100	26,000	24,800	1,200
Total expenditures	204,101	267,497	251,136	16,361
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	63,396	-	18,727	18,727
Fund balance, beginning	32,835	32,835	32,835	-
Fund balance, ending	\$ 96,231	\$ 32,835	\$ 51,562	\$ 18,727

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

Buttermilk Metropolitan District

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION - PROPRIETARY FUND

December 31, 2019

ASSETS			
Current assets			
Cash and investments		\$	536,396
Receivables			
Accounts receivable			5,876
Property taxes			443,885
Prepaid expenses			6,533
	Total current assets		<u>992,690</u>
Noncurrent assets			
Organization costs, net of amortization			-
Capital assets, net of depreciation			2,588,773
	Total assets		<u>3,581,463</u>
LIABILITIES			
Current liabilities			
Accounts payable			13,938
Accrued interest payable			1,764
Current portion of bonds payable			260,526
	Total current liabilities		<u>276,228</u>
Bonds payable, less current portion			288,017
	Total liabilities		<u>564,245</u>
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Property taxes			443,885
	Total deferred inflows of resources		<u>443,885</u>
NET POSITION			
Net investment in capital assets			2,040,230
Restricted for emergencies			5,072
Unrestricted			528,031
	Total net position	\$	<u><u>2,573,333</u></u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

Buttermilk Metropolitan District

STATEMENT OF REVENUE, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES
IN FUND NET POSITION - PROPRIETARY FUND

Year ended December 31, 2019

	<u>Business-type Activities- Enterprise Fund</u>
Operating revenues	
Water service charges	\$ 191,736
Miscellaneous income	1,612
	<u>193,348</u>
	Total operating revenues
Operating expenses	
Operations and maintenance	95,312
Depreciation and amortization	107,301
Management fees	30,662
Accounting	18,533
Water quality testing	5,237
Utilities	17,459
Legal fees	480
Water augmentation	112,113
Insurance	6,897
Miscellaneous expenses	2,839
	<u>396,833</u>
	Total operating expenses
	Operating income (loss)
	(203,485)
Nonoperating revenues (expenses)	
Taxes	436,533
Interest income	15,732
Treasurer fees	(21,093)
Interest expense	(18,433)
	<u>412,739</u>
	Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)
	Income (loss) before contributions
	<u>209,254</u>
	Change in net position
	209,254
Net position - beginning	2,364,079
Net position - ending	<u><u>\$ 2,573,333</u></u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

Buttermilk Metropolitan District
STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS
PROPRIETARY FUND

Year ended December 31, 2019

	Business-type Activities- Enterprise Fund
Cash flows from operating activities	
Cash received from customers and users	\$ 190,485
Cash paid to suppliers	(298,819)
Other miscellaneous receipts	1,612
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	(106,722)
Cash flows from non-capital financing activities	
Property taxes	436,533
Treasurer fees	(21,093)
Net cash provided (used) by non-capital financing activities	415,440
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities	
Interest paid	(28,874)
Purchase of capital assets	(18,588)
Principal payments on long-term debt	(256,579)
Net cash provided (used) by capital and related financing activities	(304,041)
Cash flow from investing activities	
Investment income received	15,732
Net cash provided (used) by investing activities	15,732
Net increase (decrease) in cash	20,409
Cash - beginning	515,987
Cash - ending	\$ 536,396
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided (used) by operating activities:	
Operating income (loss)	\$ (203,485)
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided (used) by operating activities:	
Depreciation and amortization	107,301
(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable	(1,251)
(Increase) decrease in prepaid expenses	(112)
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable	(9,175)
Total adjustments	96,763
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	\$ (106,722)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

Buttermilk Metropolitan District

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2019

NOTE A – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

1. Organization

The Buttermilk Metropolitan District (the “District”) was approved by voters on November 7, 2000, and formally organized by judicial decree on August 23, 2001. The District is a quasi-municipal corporation and political subdivision of the State of Colorado organized pursuant to the requirements of the Special District Act. The District was formed to provide certain public infrastructure and municipal services for the benefit of the residents and property owners within the District. The District is located within Pitkin County, Colorado. The District serves the West Buttermilk Subdivision, Eagle Pines, and the Pfister tracts, which are adjacent to the Buttermilk Ski Area, as well as East Owl Creek Ranch and Owl Creek Ranch. These areas include a mix of existing homes and vacant lots. The governing body of the District is elected by the registered voters within the District and consists of a five-member board of directors. The District has no employees and all operations and administrative functions are contracted.

The financial statements of the District have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (“GAAP”) as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (“GASB”) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant of the District’s accounting policies are described below.

2. Reporting Entity

The reporting entity consists of (a) the primary government; i.e., the District, and (b) organizations for which the District is financially accountable. The District is considered financially accountable for legally separate organizations if it is able to impose its will on that organization or there is a potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits to, or to impose specific financial burdens on, the District. Consideration is also given to other organizations which are fiscally dependent; i.e., unable to adopt a budget, levy taxes, or issue debt without approval by the District. Organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the District are such that exclusion would cause the reporting entity’s financial statements to be misleading or incomplete are also included in the reporting entity.

Based on the criteria above, the District is not financially accountable for any other entity, nor is the District a component unit of any other government.

Buttermilk Metropolitan District

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2019

NOTE A – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – CONTINUED

3. Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

The District's basic financial statements include both government-wide (reporting the District as a whole) and fund financial statements (reporting the District's major funds). Both the government-wide and fund financial statements categorize primary activities as either governmental or business-type. Currently, the District has governmental and business-type activities.

Government-wide Financial Statements

In the government-wide Statement of Net Position, the governmental activities column is reported on a full accrual, economic resource basis, which recognizes all long-term assets, deferred outflows of resources, and receivables as well as long-term debts, deferred inflows of resources, and obligations. The District's net position is reported as net investment in capital assets; restricted for emergencies; and, unrestricted.

The government-wide focus is on the sustainability of the District as an entity and the change in the District's net position resulting from the current year's activities.

Fund Financial Statements

The financial transactions of the District are reported in individual funds in the fund financial statements. Each fund is accounted for by providing a separate set of self balancing accounts that comprises its assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, fund equity, revenues and expenditures/expenses.

The fund focus is on current available resources and budget compliance.

4. Fund Accounting

The District uses funds to maintain its financial records during the year. A fund is defined as a fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. The District currently has one General Fund, which is a governmental fund, and one Water Fund, which is a proprietary fund.

Governmental Funds

Governmental funds are those through which most governmental functions typically are financed. Governmental funds reporting focuses on the sources, uses and balances of current financial resources. Expendable assets are assigned to the various governmental funds according to the purpose for which they may or must be used. Current liabilities are assigned to the fund from which they will be paid. The difference among governmental fund assets, deferred outflows, liabilities, and deferred inflows is reported as fund balance.

Buttermilk Metropolitan District

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2019

NOTE A – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – CONTINUED

The District reports the following major governmental fund:

General Fund – The General Fund is used to account for all financial resources of the District except those required to be accounted for in another fund. The General Fund fund balance is available to the District for any purpose provided it is expended or transferred according to the general laws of Colorado and the bylaws of the District.

Proprietary Fund

Enterprise Fund – The Enterprise Fund accounts for operations that are financed and operated in a manner where the intent of the District is that the costs of providing goods and services to the general public on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily through user charges; or where the District has decided that periodic determination of revenue earned, expenses incurred and/or net income is appropriate for capital maintenance, public policy, management control, accountability or other purposes. Operating revenues and expenses for enterprise funds are those that result from providing services. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

For purposes of the statement of cash flows, the District considers all highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less to be cash equivalents.

5. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

Measurement focus refers to whether financial statements measure changes in current resources only (current financial focus) or changes in both current and long-term resources (long-term economic focus). Basis of accounting refers to the point at which revenues, expenditures, or expenses are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements.

Long-Term Economic Focus and Accrual Basis

Governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements use the long-term economic focus and are presented on the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recognized when incurred, regardless of the timing of the related cash flows.

Buttermilk Metropolitan District

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2019

NOTE A – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – CONTINUED

Current Financial Focus and Modified Accrual Basis

The governmental fund financial statements use the current financial resources focus and are presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recorded when susceptible to accrual; i.e., both measurable and available. “Available” means collectible within the current period or within 60 days of year-end. Expenditures are generally recognized when the related liability is incurred. The exception to this general rule is that principal and interest on long-term debt, if any, is recognized when due.

When an expense is incurred that can be paid using either restricted or unrestricted resources (net position), the District's policy is to first apply the expense toward restricted resources and then toward unrestricted resources. In governmental funds, the District's policy is to first apply the expenditure toward restricted fund balance and then to other, less-restrictive classifications—committed and then assigned fund balances before using unassigned fund balances.

The accrual basis of accounting is utilized in the proprietary fund type. Revenue is recognized when earned and expenses are recognized when the liability is incurred. Depreciation is computed and recorded as an operating expense and expenditures for property and equipment are shown as increases in assets.

6. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, deferred outflows, liabilities, deferred inflows and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amount of revenues and expenditures/expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

7. Stewardship, Compliance, and Accountability

Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

In the fall of each year, the District's Board of Directors formally adopts a budget with appropriations by fund for the ensuing year pursuant to the Colorado Local Budget Law. The budget for the governmental fund is adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles (“GAAP”). The budget for the proprietary fund is adopted on the budgetary basis of accounting, which differs from the GAAP basis in that depreciation and amortization are excluded from expenditures, and outlays for the acquisition of capital assets and debt service principal are included as expenditures.

Buttermilk Metropolitan District

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2019

NOTE A – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – CONTINUED

As required by Colorado statutes, the District followed the timetable below in approving and enacting the budgets for the ensuing year:

- (1) For the 2019 budget year, prior to August 25, 2018, the County Assessor sent the District the assessed valuation of all taxable property within the District's boundaries.
- (2) On or before October 15, 2018, the District's accountant submitted to the District's Board of Directors a recommended budget which detailed the necessary property taxes needed along with other available revenues to meet the District's operating requirements.
- (3) The Board held a public hearing on the proposed budget and capital program no later than 45 days prior to the close of the fiscal year.
- (4) For the 2019 budget, prior to December 15, 2018, the District computed and certified to the County Commissioners a rate of levy that derived the necessary property taxes as computed in the proposed budget.
- (5) For the 2019 budget, the final budget and appropriating resolution was adopted prior to December 31, 2018.
- (6) After adoption of the budget resolution, the District may make the following changes: a) it may transfer appropriated monies between funds or between spending agencies within a fund, as determined by the original appropriation level; b) supplemental appropriations to the extent of revenues in excess of those estimated in the budget; c) emergency appropriations; and d) reduction of appropriations for which originally estimated revenues are insufficient.

The District had one supplemental appropriation for 2019 in the General Fund.

The level of control in the budget at which expenditures exceed appropriations is at the fund level. All appropriations lapse at year-end.

Buttermilk Metropolitan District

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2019

NOTE A – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – CONTINUED

8. Capital Assets

Capital assets are reported in the applicable governmental activities columns in the Government-wide Financial Statements. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation. The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized. Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are completed. The District's capitalization policy is \$5,000.

Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over estimated useful lives, as follows:

	<u>Estimated Lives</u>
Road system	10 to 40 years
Water system	5 to 40 years

9. Property Taxes

Property taxes for 2019, collectible in 2020, were certified by the Pitkin County Commissioners before December 31, 2019. Property taxes attached as an enforceable lien on January 1, 2020 and are due in total April 30, 2020 or in equal installments February 28, 2020 and June 15, 2020, at the option of the taxpayer. Property taxes for 2019, collectible in 2020, are shown as property taxes receivable and deferred inflows of resources on the statement of net position in the amount of the assessed taxes. The County Treasurer remits taxes collected monthly to the District.

10. Accounts Receivable

The District considers accounts receivable to be fully collectible. Accordingly, no allowance for doubtful accounts is required.

11. Organization Costs

Organization costs are amortized using the straight-line method over 15 years.

Buttermilk Metropolitan District

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2019

NOTE A – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – CONTINUED

12. Fund Equity

GASB Statement No. 54, "Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions" provides more clearly defined fund balance categories to make the nature and extent of the constraints placed on a government's fund balances more transparent. In the fund financial statements classifications on the following page describe the relative strength of the spending constraints.

- *Non-spendable fund balance* - The portion of fund balance that cannot be spent because it is either not in spendable form (such as inventory) or is legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.
- *Restricted fund balance* - The portion of fund balance constrained to being used for a specific purpose by external parties (such as grantors or bondholders), constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- *Committed fund balance* - The portion of fund balance constrained for specific purposes according to limitations imposed by the District's highest level of decision making authority, the Board, prior to the end of the current fiscal year. The constraint may be removed or changed only through formal action of the Board.
- *Assigned fund balance* - The portion of fund balance set aside for planned or intended purposes. The intended use may be expressed by the Board or other individuals authorized to assign funds to be used for a specific purpose. Assigned fund balances in special revenue funds will also include any remaining fund balance that is not restricted or committed. This classification is necessary to indicate that those funds are, at a minimum intended to be used for the purpose of that particular fund.
- *Unassigned fund balance* - The residual portion of fund balance that does not meet any of the above criteria. The District will only report a positive unassigned fund balance in the General Fund.

Buttermilk Metropolitan District

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2019

NOTE B – CASH AND INVESTMENTS

The District maintains a cash pool that is available for use by all funds. Each fund type's portion of this pool is displayed on the statement of net position as "Equity in pooled cash and investments."

Deposits

At year-end, the carrying amount of the District's cash deposits was \$21,316 and the bank balance was \$32,574. The bank balance was covered by federal depository insurance.

Statutes require that any public depository which accepts and holds public funds maintain, as security for public deposits accepted and held by it, not insured by federal depository insurance, eligible collateral having a market value, at all times, equal to at least 102 percent of the amount of public deposits. Banking institutions are monitored by the State of Colorado Banking Commission and must report monthly on all public deposits held. Pledged collateral must be held in joint custody of the bank and of the Public Deposit Protection Act in a safekeeping account held by a third party, usually the Federal Reserve Bank. The pledged collateral cannot be released unless approval is obtained by the banking commission. Savings and Loan institutions are monitored by the State of Colorado Commissioner of Savings and Loan Associations and must report quarterly on all public deposits held. Pledged collateral, usually in the form of mortgages, must be held by a third party institution for the benefit of the commissioner.

Investments

Colorado state statutes authorize the District to invest in U.S. Treasury bills, obligations of any other U.S. agencies, obligations of the World Bank, general obligation bonds of any state or any of their subdivisions, revenue bonds of any state or any of their subdivisions, bankers acceptance notes, commercial paper, repurchase agreements, money market funds and guaranteed investment contracts. All investments must be held by the District, in their name, or in custody of a third party on behalf of the local government.

As of December 31, 2019, the District had \$590,928 invested in the Colorado Local Government Liquid Asset Trust (Colotrust), an investment vehicle established for local government entities in Colorado to pool surplus funds. Colotrust operates similarly to a money market fund and each share is equal in value to \$1.00. A designated custodial bank provides safekeeping and depository services to Colotrust in connection with the direct investment and withdrawal functions of Colotrust. Substantially all securities owned by Colotrust are held by the Federal Reserve Bank in the account maintained for the custodial bank. The custodian's internal records identify the investments owned by Colotrust. Colotrust funds carry a Standard & Poor's AAAM rating. There is no custodial, interest rate or foreign currency risk exposure. COLOTRUST operates like a 2a-7 external investment pool and investments in the pool are valued at \$1 net asset value (NAV) per share. The underlying investments held by Colotrust are valued at fair value.

Buttermilk Metropolitan District

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2019

NOTE B – CASH AND INVESTMENTS – CONTINUED

A reconciliation of the carrying value of deposits and investments reported above to the Statement of Net Position is as follows:

Deposits	\$ 21,316
Investments	<u>590,928</u>
Total equity in pooled cash and investments	<u>\$ 612,244</u>

NOTE C – CAPITAL ASSETS

A summary of changes in capital assets follows:

	<u>Balance 12/31/18</u>	<u>Additions</u>	<u>Dispositions</u>	<u>Balance 12/31/19</u>
Governmental activities				
Road system	\$ 1,011,986	\$ –	\$ –	\$ 1,011,986
Less: accumulated depreciation	<u>(355,235)</u>	<u>(33,931)</u>	<u>–</u>	<u>(389,166)</u>
Governmental activities capital assets, net	<u>\$ 656,751</u>	<u>\$ (33,931)</u>	<u>\$ –</u>	<u>\$ 622,820</u>
Business-type activities				
Capital assets not being depreciated				
Construction in progress	\$ 18,391	\$ –	\$ –	\$ 18,391
Land	<u>83,598</u>	<u>–</u>	<u>–</u>	<u>83,598</u>
Total capital assets not being depreciated	101,989	–	–	101,989
Capital assets being depreciated				
Water system	4,024,118	18,588	–	4,042,706
Less: accumulated depreciation	<u>(1,448,621)</u>	<u>(107,301)</u>	<u>–</u>	<u>(1,555,922)</u>
Total capital assets being depreciated	<u>2,575,497</u>	<u>(88,713)</u>	<u>–</u>	<u>2,486,784</u>
Business-type activities capital assets, net	<u>\$ 2,677,486</u>	<u>\$ (88,713)</u>	<u>\$ –</u>	<u>\$ 2,588,773</u>

Depreciation expense for the governmental activities and business-type activities for 2019 was \$33,931 and \$107,301, respectively. All governmental activity depreciation is allocated to the general government function.

Buttermilk Metropolitan District

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2019

NOTE D – LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

A summary of the District’s Long-term Debt Obligations follows:

	<u>Balance</u> <u>12/31/18</u>	<u>Additions</u>	<u>Reductions</u>	<u>Balance</u> <u>12/31/19</u>	<u>Amounts</u> <u>Due Within</u> <u>One Year</u>
General Obligation Bonds:					
Governmental activities					
Bonds	\$ 209,473	\$ –	\$ 68,421	\$ 141,052	\$ 69,474
Bond premium	<u>7,839</u>	–	<u>2,613</u>	<u>5,226</u>	<u>–</u>
Total governmental activities	217,312	–	71,034	146,278	69,474
Business-type activities					
Bonds	785,527	–	256,579	528,948	260,526
Bond premium	<u>29,394</u>	–	<u>9,799</u>	<u>19,595</u>	<u>–</u>
Total business-type activities	<u>814,921</u>	–	<u>266,378</u>	<u>548,543</u>	<u>260,526</u>
 Total General Obligation Bonds	 <u>\$ 1,032,233</u>	 <u>\$ –</u>	 <u>\$ 337,412</u>	 <u>\$ 694,821</u>	 <u>\$ 330,000</u>

2011 Series Refunding Bonds

On September 7, 2011, the District issued \$2,850,000 in general obligation refunding bonds with interest rates ranging between 2.0% and 4.0%. The District issued the bonds to advance refund \$2,665,000 of the outstanding series 2002 general obligation bonds with interest rates ranging between 2.0% to 5.75%.

The annual requirements to amortize the 2011 bonds are as follows:

<u>Year</u>	<u>Principal</u>	<u>Interest</u>	<u>Total</u>
2020	\$ 330,000	\$ 26,800	\$ 356,800
2021	<u>340,000</u>	<u>13,600</u>	<u>353,600</u>
	<u>\$ 670,000</u>	<u>\$ 40,400</u>	<u>\$ 710,400</u>

The reconciliation of general obligation bonds outstanding as of December 31, 2019 and future debt service requirements disclosed in the schedule immediately preceding this reconciliation follows:

Principal portion of total debt service requirements	\$ 670,000
Bond premium	<u>24,821</u>
Total general obligation debt outstanding	<u>\$ 694,821</u>

Buttermilk Metropolitan District

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2019

NOTE E – COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

During the normal course of business, the District may incur claims and other assertions against it from various agencies and individuals. Management of the District and their legal representatives have disclosed that there are no material outstanding claims against the District at December 31, 2019.

NOTE F – RISK MANAGEMENT

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omission; and general liability. The District is a member of the Colorado Special District Property and Liability Pool (“Pool”) for property and liability insurance.

The Pool was formed by an intergovernmental agreement to provide public officials, property, general and automobile liability coverage for claims up to \$1,000,000, except if the claim falls within the government immunity statute, then the coverage is \$150,000 per person and a \$600,000 aggregate claim. The Pool is reinsured for 80% of the first \$250,000 of all claims and 100% for claims in excess of \$250,000. The District may be required to make additional contributions in the event aggregate losses incurred by the Pool exceed amounts recoverable from reinsurance contracts. Any excess funds, which the Pool determines are not needed for purposes of the Pool may be returned to the members pursuant to a distribution formula. Any settled claims are not expected to exceed coverage. A summary of audited statutory basis financial information for the Pool as of and for the year ended December 31, 2018 (latest information available) is as follows:

Assets	<u>\$ 63,918,422</u>
Liabilities	\$ 39,345,647
Capital and surplus	<u>24,572,775</u>
Total	<u>\$ 63,918,422</u>
Revenues	\$ 20,983,559
Investment income and other	<u>898,330</u>
Total revenue	21,881,889
Expenses	<u>22,973,705</u>
Excess of revenues over expenses	<u>\$ (1,091,816)</u>

NOTE G – TABOR AMENDMENT

In November 1992, Colorado voters amended Article X of the Colorado Constitution by adding Section 20, commonly known as the Taxpayer’s Bill of Rights (“TABOR”). TABOR contains revenue, spending, tax and debt limitations which apply to the State of Colorado and local governments. TABOR requires, with certain exceptions, advance voter approval for any new tax, tax rate increase, mill levy above that of the prior year, extension of any expiring tax, or tax policy change directly causing a new tax revenue gain to any local government. Except for refinancing bonded debt at a lower interest rate or adding new employees to existing pension plans, TABOR requires advance voter approval for the creation of any multiple fiscal year or other financial obligation unless adequate present cash reserves are pledged irrevocably and held for payments in future years.

Buttermilk Metropolitan District

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2019

NOTE G – TABOR AMENDMENT – CONTINUED

TABOR also requires local governments to establish emergency reserves to be used for declared emergencies only. Emergencies, as defined by TABOR, exclude economic conditions, revenue shortfalls, or salary or fringe benefit increases. These reserves are required to be 3% or more of the fiscal year spending (excluding bonded debt service) for fiscal years ended after December 31, 1994. At December 31, 2019, a reserve of \$5,818 was required for the General Fund and \$5,072 was required for the Enterprise (Water) Fund.

Under TABOR, the initial base for local government spending and revenue limits is December 31, 1992 fiscal year spending. The District's first year of operations ended December 31, 2003. Future spending and revenue limits are determined based on the prior year's fiscal year spending adjusted for inflation in the prior calendar year plus annual local growth. Fiscal year spending is generally defined as expenditures and reserve increases with certain exceptions. Revenue, if any, in excess of the fiscal year spending limit must be refunded in the next fiscal year unless voters approve retention of such revenue.

In 2000 the District's electorate voted to allow the District to collect, retain, and expend revenues notwithstanding any of TABOR's restrictions.

The District's management believes it is in compliance with the financial provisions of TABOR. However, TABOR is complex and subject to interpretation. Many of its provisions, including the interpretation of how to calculate fiscal year spending limits, will require judicial interpretation.

NOTE H – SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

Management has evaluated potential subsequent event disclosures through May 29, 2020 (date of availability of financial statements for issuance). During 2020 there was a worldwide pandemic from the Coronavirus. It is clear that there will be potential short and long-term effects from local to global economies. It is unclear what these effects will be for the District at the date of the auditor's report.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Buttermilk Metropolitan District

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION
BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) - PROPRIETARY FUND

Year ended December 31, 2019

	Original and Final Budget	Actual	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)
Operating revenues			
Water service charges	\$ 236,738	\$ 191,736	\$ (45,002)
Miscellaneous income	300	1,612	1,312
Total operating revenues	<u>237,038</u>	<u>193,348</u>	<u>(43,690)</u>
Operating expenses			
Operations and maintenance	296,916	230,121	66,795
Management fees and office	36,080	30,662	5,418
Accounting and auditing	18,200	18,533	(333)
Legal	4,550	480	4,070
Insurance	6,991	6,897	94
Engineering	5,000	-	5,000
Miscellaneous expenses	2,870	2,839	31
Contingency	47,313	-	47,313
Total operating expenses	<u>417,920</u>	<u>289,532</u>	<u>128,388</u>
Excess of operating revenues over (under) operating expenses	(180,882)	(96,184)	84,698
Nonoperating revenues			
Property taxes, less abatements	423,726	421,658	(2,068)
Specific ownership taxes	12,712	14,875	2,163
Interest income	14,250	15,732	1,482
Total nonoperating revenues	<u>450,688</u>	<u>452,265</u>	<u>1,577</u>
Nonoperating expenses			
Treasurer fees	21,186	21,093	93
Interest expense	28,875	28,232	643
Debt service principal	256,750	256,579	171
Capital outlay	39,300	18,588	20,712
Total nonoperating expenses	<u>346,111</u>	<u>324,492</u>	<u>21,619</u>
Excess of revenues over (under) expenses	<u>\$ (76,305)</u>	31,589	<u>\$ 107,894</u>
Adjustments to GAAP basis			
Amortization of bond premium		9,799	
Depreciation and amortization		(107,301)	
Capital outlay (capitalized)		18,588	
Debt service principal		256,579	
Change in net position		<u>\$ 209,254</u>	

OTHER INFORMATION

Buttermilk Metropolitan District

SCHEDULE OF ASSESSED VALUATION, MILL LEVY
AND PROPERTY TAXES COLLECTED

December 31, 2019

Calendar Year Ended December 31	Prior Year Assessed Valuation for Current Year Property Tax Levy	Mills Levied	Total Property Taxes		Percent Collected to Levied
			Levied	Collected	
General Fund					
2007	\$ 23,970,671	7.630	\$ 182,902	\$ 182,896	100.00%
2008	27,104,380	6.951	188,403	188,382	99.99%
2009	29,748,430	6.951	206,782	206,787	100.00%
2010	47,852,030	4.305	206,003	200,450	97.30%
2011	45,950,290	4.305	197,816	196,789	99.48%
2012	32,806,970	4.305	141,235	141,234	99.99%
2013	32,024,020	4.305	137,863	135,010	97.93%
2014	32,728,180	4.305	140,895	140,336	99.60%
2015	33,919,820	4.305	146,025	146,024	100.00%
2016	31,651,330	5.305	167,910	167,910	100.00%
2017	32,703,790	5.305	173,494	173,494	100.00%
2018	34,450,070	5.305	182,758	182,758	100.00%
2019	34,648,120	7.305	253,104	253,105	100.00%
2020	41,416,500	6.778	280,721		
Proprietary Fund					
2007	31,735,231	13.434	426,335	427,283	100.22%
2008	40,992,790	10.594	434,278	434,252	99.99%
2009	41,761,950	10.594	442,426	442,426	100.00%
2010	58,476,600	7.573	442,843	438,229	98.96%
2011	57,608,370	7.573	436,266	420,905	96.48%
2012	40,619,120	9.900	402,129	393,516	97.86%
2013	37,689,410	9.900	373,125	371,943	99.68%
2014	38,859,520	9.900	384,709	384,709	100.00%
2015	39,843,390	9.900	394,450	393,977	99.88%
2016	41,969,350	9.900	415,497	414,750	99.82%
2017	42,960,980	9.900	425,313	425,313	100.00%
2018	42,490,320	9.900	420,655	419,093	99.63%
2019	42,800,670	9.900	423,726	422,166	99.63%
2020	46,494,650	9.547	443,885		

Note:

Property taxes collected in any one year include collection of delinquent property taxes levied in prior years. Information received from the County Treasurer does not permit identification of specific year of levy.